

MANHATTAN GRE 1000 WORDS LIST

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manhattan gre 1000 words list is an essential resource for GRE preparation, especially for test-takers aiming to boost their vocabulary and improve their verbal reasoning scores. A well-rounded vocabulary not only helps you understand complex texts but also enhances your ability to answer reading comprehension, sentence equivalence, and text completion questions with confidence. In this article, we will explore the importance of mastering the Manhattan GRE 1000 words list, provide insights into effective strategies for learning these words, and offer tips to integrate this vocabulary into your overall GRE prep plan.

Understanding the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List

What Is the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List?

The Manhattan GRE 1000 words list is a curated compilation of 1,000 high-frequency, high-utility words that are commonly encountered in GRE verbal sections. Compiled by experts and educators at Manhattan Prep, this list is designed to target words that are essential for understanding academic texts, complex arguments, and nuanced language used in the test.

These words are not only frequent in GRE questions but also appear often in academic literature, newspapers, and scholarly articles, making them highly valuable for students seeking to excel in the verbal reasoning section.

Why Is It Important to Master This List?

- **Vocabulary Building:** A strong vocabulary provides a competitive edge in the GRE, enabling you to quickly decipher unfamiliar words during the exam.
- **Enhanced Reading Comprehension:** Knowing these words helps you understand passages more deeply and accurately.
- **Improved Sentence Equivalence and Text Completion:** Many questions rely on subtle nuances in word meanings, which become clearer with a solid vocabulary foundation.
- **Time Management:** Recognizing words swiftly can save valuable time during the test, allowing you to focus on answering questions confidently.

Strategies for Learning the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List

1. Active Engagement Over Passive Reading

Instead of passively reading the list, actively engage with each word:

- Write down the word and its definition.
- Use the word in your own sentences.
- Create associations or mnemonics to remember meanings.

2. Categorize Words

Group words into categories based on themes or parts of speech:

- Academic Vocabulary: words commonly used in scholarly contexts.
- Negative/Positive Connotations: words with similar meanings but different emotional tones.
- Synonyms and Antonyms: understand relationships between words.

3. Use Flashcards and Spaced Repetition

Create flashcards with the word on one side and the definition, usage, and an example sentence on the other. Use spaced repetition tools like Anki or Quizlet to review words periodically, ensuring long-term retention.

4. Contextual Learning

Learn words within sentences or passages rather than in isolation:

- Read articles, essays, and GRE prep passages that contain these words.
- Practice identifying the words in context to understand their nuanced meanings.

5. Incorporate Words into Daily Practice

Use new vocabulary in your daily conversations, writing exercises, or online forums. The more you use the words actively, the more naturally they will become part of your vocabulary.

Integrating the Words into Your GRE Preparation

1. Regular Review Schedule

Set aside dedicated time daily or weekly to review and memorize a subset of words from the list. Consistency is key to retention.

2. Practice Questions

Apply your vocabulary knowledge by answering GRE-style questions:

- Sentence completion exercises.
- Reading comprehension questions.
- Vocabulary-in-context questions.

3. Mock Tests and Simulations

Take full-length practice tests that mimic the actual GRE environment. Pay close attention to questions involving vocabulary, and review any unfamiliar words.

4. Supplement with Other Resources

While the Manhattan GRE 1000 words list is comprehensive, supplement your study with:

- Vocabulary books like Barron's or Magoosh flashcards.
- Online vocabulary quizzes.
- Academic journals and newspapers for real-world application.

Sample Words From the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List

Below are some representative words from the list, along with their meanings and example sentences:

- **Abate**: to become less intense or widespread

Example: The storm suddenly abated, allowing residents to assess the damage.

- **Cacophony**: a harsh, discordant mixture of sounds

Example: The city streets were filled with a cacophony of honking horns and shouting vendors.

- **Eloquent**: fluent or persuasive in speaking or writing

Example: She delivered an eloquent speech that moved many in the audience.

- **Fervent:** having or displaying a passionate intensity

Example: His fervent belief in justice motivated him to volunteer regularly.

- **Obscure:** not well known; not clear or plain

Example: The origins of the artifact remain obscure despite extensive research.

Additional Tips for Maximizing Vocabulary Retention

- **Consistency Over Intensity:** Study a manageable number of words each day rather than trying to learn everything at once.

- **Use Words in Context:** Incorporate new vocabulary into essays, summaries, or discussion topics.

- **Engage Multiple Senses:** Write, speak, and listen to the words to reinforce memory.

- **Track Your Progress:** Keep a vocabulary journal to monitor words learned and areas needing review.

- **Stay Motivated:** Set achievable goals and reward yourself for milestones achieved in your vocabulary journey.

Conclusion

Mastering the manhattan gre 1000 words list is a strategic step towards achieving a high verbal score on the GRE. By dedicating time to learn and actively use these words, you will enhance your comprehension skills, answer questions more confidently, and ultimately improve your overall test performance. Remember, vocabulary building is a gradual process that benefits greatly from consistent practice and contextual application. Incorporate these words into your daily study routine, review regularly with flashcards or quizzes, and challenge yourself with practice questions to maximize your success. With dedication and strategic preparation, mastering this list will become a valuable asset on your GRE journey.

Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List: The Ultimate Guide to Mastering High-Frequency GRE Vocabulary

When preparing for the GRE, one of the most daunting challenges is building a robust vocabulary. The Manhattan GRE 1000 words list is widely regarded as one of the most comprehensive and effective resources for students aiming to elevate their vocabulary to a competitive level. This curated list not only highlights high-frequency words that frequently appear on the exam but also provides a solid foundation for understanding complex texts, arguments, and questions. In this guide, we'll explore how to utilize the Manhattan GRE 1000 words list effectively, strategies for memorization and retention, and ways to integrate these words into your overall GRE preparation.

Why Focus on the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List?

The GRE is as much a test of vocabulary as it is of critical thinking and analytical skills. Many questions, especially in the Verbal Reasoning section, hinge on understanding subtle differences in word meanings and recognizing contextual clues. The Manhattan GRE 1000 words list is curated based on the words most commonly encountered on the test, making it an invaluable resource for focused study.

Key reasons to prioritize this list include:

- High Frequency: The words are chosen based on their prevalence in GRE questions and reading passages.
- Relevance: Words are often used in academic and formal contexts, aligning with the GRE's style.
- Layered Learning: The list is typically organized into tiers, allowing for progressive mastery.

Structure of the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List

The list is often divided into several parts to facilitate focused learning:

- Tier 1 (Top 400 Words): The most frequently tested words that form the core vocabulary.
- Tier 2 (Next 300 Words): Less common but still important words that appear in challenging questions.
- Tier 3 (Remaining 300 Words): Less frequent, but useful for advanced vocabulary building and comprehension.

Some editions or study guides may organize the words differently, but the primary goal remains the same: prioritize high-frequency vocabulary for maximum exam efficiency.

Strategies for Using the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List

Effectively leveraging this list requires more than just reading through words. Here are proven strategies to embed these words into your long-term vocabulary:

- Active Recall and Spaced Repetition
- Create flashcards: Use tools like Anki or Quizlet to review words regularly.

- Schedule reviews: Revisit words periodically?daily, weekly, then monthly?to reinforce retention.
- Test yourself: Cover definitions and try to recall meanings or use the words in sentences.

- Contextual Learning
 - Read extensively: Encounter words in context by reading academic articles, newspapers, and GRE prep materials.
 - Use sentences: Write original sentences using new words to understand their nuances.
 - Identify in passages: Practice spotting these words in GRE reading passages to familiarize yourself with their usage.

- Categorization
 - Group words by themes or similar meanings (e.g., synonyms, antonyms).
 - Categorize words by parts of speech (verbs, nouns, adjectives) to deepen understanding.

- Incorporate into Daily Practice
 - Use new words in your essays, summaries, or daily conversations.
 - Develop a ?word of the day? habit to gradually expand your vocabulary.

Key Tips for Memorizing and Retaining Vocabulary

Memorization is a common challenge. Here are tips tailored for GRE vocabulary mastery:

- Use Mnemonics: Create memorable associations or stories for difficult words.
- Visual Aids: Draw diagrams or mind maps linking words to images.
- Synonym and Antonym Lists: Study related words to deepen understanding.
- Practice in Context: Regularly read articles, essays, or passages, and underline or highlight new words.
- Stay Consistent: Dedicate a fixed time daily to vocabulary study.

Sample Words from the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List and Their Usage

To illustrate, here are some commonly found words from the list along with their meanings and example sentences:

- Ubiquitous

Meaning: Present, appearing, or found everywhere.

Sentence: Smartphones have become ubiquitous in modern society.

- Obfuscate

Meaning: To render obscure, unclear, or unintelligible.

Sentence: The company's financial report was designed to obfuscate the true state of affairs.

- Laconic

Meaning: Using very few words; concise.

Sentence: His laconic reply suggested he was not interested in elaborating.

- Pragmatic

Meaning: Dealing with things sensibly and realistically.

Sentence: She took a pragmatic approach to solving the issue.

- Esoteric

Meaning: Intended for or likely to be understood by only a small number of people with specialized knowledge.

Sentence: The professor's lecture was filled with esoteric references.

Incorporating the Words into Your GRE Practice

The ultimate goal is not just to memorize words but to be able to recognize and apply them in exam contexts. Here's how:

- Practice Reading Comprehension: Read challenging passages and try to identify unfamiliar words, then refer to the list.
- Work on Sentence Equivalence and Text Completion: Use the words to craft sentences that fit the blank, honing your ability to choose the correct answer.
- Simulate Test Conditions: Take timed vocabulary quizzes incorporating words from the list.
- Write Essays: Use new vocabulary in your practice essays to demonstrate command over language.

Resources to Complement the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List

While the list is comprehensive, supplementing with additional resources can further boost your vocabulary:

- Official GRE Practice Materials: Focused on actual test question styles.
- Vocabulary Apps: Anki, Quizlet, Magoosh Vocabulary Builder.
- Reading Material: The Economist, New York Times, academic journals.
- GRE Prep Books: Manhattan Prep's own vocabulary guides, Magoosh, Kaplan.

Final Thoughts: Building a Long-Term Vocabulary Strategy

Mastering the Manhattan GRE 1000 words list is a significant step toward a high GRE score. However, it's essential to view vocabulary building as a continuous process. Set realistic goals, track your progress, and stay consistent. Remember, the words you learn today will not only help you excel in the GRE but also serve you well in academic and professional contexts.

By combining active study techniques, contextual learning, and regular practice, you can confidently approach the GRE's vocabulary demands. With dedication and strategic preparation, the formidable list of 1000 words will become a powerful tool in your test-taking arsenal, propelling you closer to your target score and beyond.

Embark on your vocabulary mastery journey today?your GRE success awaits!

Question What is the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List? The Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List is a curated compilation of 1000 high-frequency and advanced vocabulary words designed to help GRE test-takers improve their verbal reasoning skills and achieve higher scores by expanding their vocabulary base. How can I effectively use the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List for

my preparation? You can effectively use the list by creating flashcards, regularly reviewing words, practicing with example sentences, and integrating vocabulary learning into your daily study routine to reinforce retention and understanding. Is the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List sufficient for scoring well on the GRE verbal section? While the list covers many high-frequency words, success also depends on understanding context, practicing reading comprehension, and mastering test strategies. Combining this list with practice tests and reading will maximize your chances of success. Where can I access the official Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List? The official Manhattan Prep materials often include this list, available in their books, online courses, or through their website. Additionally, many GRE prep resources incorporate or adapt this list for vocabulary practice. Are there any recommended methods to memorize the words from the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List? Recommended methods include spaced repetition, using mnemonic devices, contextual learning through example sentences, and regular self-quizzing to enhance long-term retention of the vocabulary. How does mastering the Manhattan GRE 1000 Words List improve overall GRE verbal scores? Mastering this list boosts your vocabulary, enabling you to understand complex texts and answer vocabulary-based questions more accurately and quickly, which directly contributes to higher verbal reasoning scores on the GRE.

Related keywords: Manhattan GRE vocabulary, GRE word list, GRE high-frequency words, GRE prep vocabulary, Manhattan GRE word list PDF, GRE vocabulary flashcards, GRE vocabulary practice, GRE words for success, Manhattan GRE vocabulary book, GRE vocabulary strategies

LIST VERBS ENGLISH

list verbs english: An Essential Guide to Understanding and Using List Verbs in English

Understanding the intricacies of English verbs is fundamental to mastering the language. Among these, list verbs play a vital role in organizing, sequencing, and connecting ideas within sentences. Whether you're a student improving your writing skills, a professional enhancing your communication, or a language enthusiast aiming for fluency, knowing how to effectively use list verbs in English can significantly elevate your language proficiency. This comprehensive guide explores what list verbs are, their types, how to use them correctly, and practical examples to help you incorporate them seamlessly into your writing and speech.

What Are List Verbs in English?

List verbs are a category of verbs used to indicate the sequential order or connection between items, actions, or ideas within a sentence or a list. They often serve as connectors, helping to organize information in a clear and logical manner. List verbs are crucial in both written and spoken

English because they facilitate clarity and coherence.

Key functions of list verbs include:

- Indicating sequence or order
- Connecting related ideas or actions
- Signaling addition or continuation
- Showing cause and effect

Common Types of List Verbs in English

Understanding the different types of list verbs is essential for effective communication. Here are the most common categories:

1. Sequential List Verbs

These verbs indicate the order of actions or items, showing progression from one point to another.

Examples:

- First
- Next
- Then
- After
- Subsequently
- Finally

2. Connecting List Verbs

These verbs or phrases connect related ideas, often used to add new points or clarify relationships.

Examples:

- And
- Also
- Moreover
- Additionally
- As well as

- Not only...but also

3. Cause and Effect Verbs

These verbs show a causal relationship between ideas or actions.

Examples:

- Because
- Therefore
- Consequently
- Thus
- As a result

4. Contrastive List Verbs

They highlight differences or contradictions between items or ideas.

Examples:

- However
- But
- On the other hand
- Conversely
- Yet

How to Use List Verbs Effectively in English

Using list verbs correctly enhances clarity and coherence in your writing. Here are practical tips for their effective application:

1. Choose the Appropriate List Verb Based on Context

Identify whether you're indicating sequence, addition, causality, or contrast, and select the suitable list verb accordingly.

2. Use Consistent Punctuation

When listing items, punctuation plays a key role:

- Use commas for simple lists (e.g., apples, oranges, bananas).
- Use semicolons for complex lists where items contain commas.
- When starting a list with a list verb, consider using colons.

3. Place List Verbs Correctly in Sentences

- For sequential words, they often come at the beginning of the sentence or clause.
- Connecting words like "and," "but," or "moreover" are usually placed between items or clauses.

4. Maintain Parallel Structure

Ensure that items in a list or connected clauses follow the same grammatical pattern for clarity and professionalism.

Examples of List Verbs in Sentences

To illustrate the effective use of list verbs, here are some example sentences categorized by their function:

Sequential List Verbs

- First, I reviewed the project outline.
- Next, I gathered all the necessary materials.
- Then, I began assembling the components.
- After completing the assembly, I tested the device.
- Finally, I submitted the report to my supervisor.

Connecting List Verbs

- I enjoy reading books, watching movies, and listening to music.
- The conference covered topics such as renewable energy, sustainable development, and climate change.
- She is not only skilled in marketing but also experienced in sales.

Cause and Effect List Verbs

- The roads were icy; therefore, the school was closed.

- He missed the bus because he woke up late.
- The product failed due to poor quality; as a result, sales declined.

Contrastive List Verbs

- The weather was cold; however, we still went hiking.
- She prefers tea, but he likes coffee.
- The first option was expensive; on the other hand, the second was more affordable.

Common List Verbs and Phrases in English

Below is a list of commonly used list verbs and phrases categorized by their function:

Sequential List Verbs and Phrases

- First, second, third
- To begin with
- Subsequently
- Thereafter
- In the meantime

Adding and Connecting Ideas

- Moreover
- Furthermore
- Besides
- Plus
- Not to mention

Indicating Cause and Effect

- Because
- Due to
- As a result
- Hence
- Accordingly

Expressing Contrast or Opposition

- However
- Yet
- Conversely
- On the contrary
- Nonetheless

Tips for Mastering List Verbs in English

Achieving mastery over the use of list verbs enhances your writing clarity and fluency. Here are some tips:

- Read extensively: Pay attention to how professional writers and speakers use list verbs.
- Practice writing lists: Create lists in your writing, focusing on correct punctuation and parallel structure.
- Use a variety of list verbs: Avoid repetition by diversifying your list verbs.
- Edit and revise: Review your writing to ensure list verbs are used appropriately and effectively.
- Learn idiomatic expressions: Many list phrases are idiomatic; familiarize yourself with common expressions to sound more natural.

Conclusion

Mastering the use of list verbs in English is essential for clear, organized, and effective communication. Whether you're listing items, sequencing actions, connecting ideas, or indicating relationships, the right list verbs can make your writing more coherent and engaging. By understanding the different types of list verbs—sequential, connecting, cause and effect, and contrastive—you can enhance your language skills significantly. Incorporate these verbs thoughtfully into your sentences, maintain grammatical consistency, and practice regularly to become proficient in their use. Remember, the key to effective communication lies in clarity, and list verbs are a powerful tool to achieve it in your English language endeavors.

List Verbs in English: An In-Depth Exploration of Their Role, Types, and Usage

Language is a complex and dynamic system, and at its core are the words that allow us to communicate ideas, actions, and states of being. Among these, verbs stand out as the essential drivers of sentence meaning, providing the action or link that binds other components together. In English, a particularly intriguing subset of verbs is the list verbs, which serve specific functions in sequencing, enumerating, or indicating multiple items or actions. This article offers a comprehensive

examination of list verbs in English, exploring their definitions, types, grammatical roles, and practical applications.

Understanding List Verbs in English

List verbs are a category of verbs used primarily to introduce, connect, or sequence items, actions, or ideas within a sentence. They often appear in contexts where a speaker or writer is enumerating elements, either explicitly or implicitly, to clarify, emphasize, or organize information.

Definition:

A list verb is a verb that functions to indicate the presence of multiple elements, often coordinating or linking them within a sentence. They can serve as connectors or markers that demonstrate the relationship between items in a list.

Common Characteristics of List Verbs:

- They often precede or follow a series of items.
- They can be used with conjunctions such as *and*, *or*, or *but* to link items.
- They frequently appear in formal or structured contexts like reports, instructions, or academic writing.
- They may also indicate the act of listing, enumerating, or ordering.

Common List Verbs in English

English features a variety of verbs that can serve as list verbs, either directly or through their grammatical function. Some verbs explicitly denote listing or enumeration, while others perform this role through their syntactic placement.

Explicit List Verbs

These verbs directly imply the act of listing or enumerating:

- To enumerate: To mention separately, one by one.
- To itemize: To list as individual items.
- To catalog: To systematically list or classify.
- To list: To enumerate items in sequence.
- To detail: To describe or list comprehensively.

Commonly Used List Verbs in Practice

Many English verbs serve as list verbs depending on context and usage. Here are some of the most frequently encountered:

Verb	Function/Usage
Include	To contain as part of a whole or list
Consist of	To be composed of or made up of
Comprise	To include or contain; often used as a synonym for "consist of"
Enumerate	To mention separately, one by one
List	To record or mention items in sequence
Mention	To refer to or bring up items in a discussion or list
Name	To specify or identify items individually
Outline	To give a summary or list the main points
Specify	To state explicitly, often in a list form
Detail	To describe thoroughly, often by listing components
Present	To show or introduce items or ideas systematically

Less Formal or Context-Dependent List Verbs

- Point out: To highlight items or facts.
- Highlight: To emphasize important items.
- Identify: To establish or recognize items.
- Itemize: To break down into individual items.
- Enumerate: To count or list methodically.

Grammatical Roles and Construction of List Verbs

List verbs can appear in various grammatical constructions, often depending on whether they are used transitively or in phrasal forms.

Transitive and Intransitive Uses

- Transitive list verbs: Require an object ? the list items or the content being enumerated.
- Example: "The report includes data from multiple sources."
- Intransitive list verbs: May stand alone when used as part of a broader context or phrase.
- Example: "The items list in the catalog are numerous."

Use with Prepositions and Conjunctions

List verbs often function with prepositions such as *of*, *in*, or *to*, and are frequently paired with coordinating conjunctions:

- "The package contains three items."
- "The guide enumerates the steps in detail."
- "The menu lists options and prices."

Parallelism and Clarity in Lists

When constructing sentences with multiple list verbs or enumerations, maintaining grammatical parallelism enhances clarity:

- Correct: "The report includes data, analyzes trends, and concludes findings."
- Incorrect: "The report includes data, analyzing trends, and conclude findings."

Functions and Contexts for List Verbs

List verbs serve various functions across different contexts, including formal writing, instructions, data presentation, and everyday speech.

Formal and Academic Writing

In academic or technical documents, list verbs help clarify complex information:

- "The study comprises three phases: data collection, analysis, and reporting."

- "The results enumerate several key factors influencing the outcome."

Business and Professional Communication

In reports, proposals, and business communication, list verbs organize information:

- "The proposal includes budget estimates, timelines, and resource allocations."
- "The contract lists obligations, deliverables, and penalties."

Instructional and Procedural Contexts

Procedures and instructions often rely on list verbs:

- "First, identify the necessary tools. Then, assemble the equipment."
- "The manual details the steps involved in calibration."

Everyday and Informal Usage

In casual speech, list verbs are used to mention or highlight multiple items:

- "The menu lists appetizers, main courses, and desserts."
- "She mentioned her plans, her goals, and her concerns."

Nuances and Common Pitfalls in Using List Verbs

While list verbs are integral to effective communication, their misuse can lead to ambiguity or grammatical errors.

Overuse or Redundancy

Repeatedly using similar list verbs can make writing monotonous. Varying verbs like include, list, enumerate, and mention can enrich the text.

Ambiguity in Scope

Some verbs, like mention, imply a less formal or comprehensive list, while others like comprise or include suggest completeness. Clarifying intent is essential.

Incorrect Constructions

- Using comprise incorrectly: "The team comprises of five members." (Correct: "The team comprises five members.")
- Mixing tenses improperly: "The report lists the data and was detailing the analysis." (Maintain consistent tense.)

Practical Tips for Using List Verbs Effectively

- Choose the right verb based on the formality and context of your writing.
- Maintain parallel structure when listing multiple items or actions.
- Use appropriate prepositions to clarify the scope of listing.
- Vary your vocabulary to avoid repetition.
- Be clear about whether your list is exhaustive or illustrative.

Conclusion

List verbs in English are vital tools for organizing, enumerating, and emphasizing information across diverse contexts. They facilitate clarity, structure, and precision in communication, whether in formal reports, instructional manuals, or everyday conversations. Understanding their nuances, grammatical roles, and best practices enhances one's ability to craft effective, coherent, and professional discourse. As language continues to evolve, so too will the ways we employ list verbs, but their core function remains central to clear and organized expression.

In mastering list verbs, writers and speakers can better navigate the complexities of English syntax, ensuring their messages are both precise and impactful.

Question What are some common list verbs used in English? Common list verbs in English include 'add', 'include', 'comprise', 'consist of', 'contain', 'enumerate', and 'feature'. How do you correctly use list verbs in a sentence? List verbs are typically used to introduce or connect items in a list, often followed by the items themselves. For example, 'The menu includes salads, sandwiches, and drinks.' What is the difference between 'include' and 'consist of' as list verbs? 'Include' suggests that the items are part of a larger set, while 'consist of' emphasizes the composition of the entire set. For example, 'The team includes five members' versus 'The team consists of five members.' Can 'list' itself be used as a verb in English? Yes, 'list' is a verb meaning to make a list of items. For example, 'Please list all the ingredients required for the recipe.' What are some tips for using list verbs effectively in writing? Use clear and precise list verbs to accurately describe the relationship between items, ensure proper punctuation with commas or semicolons, and maintain parallel structure for readability. Are there any grammatical rules for using list verbs in

complex sentences? Yes, when using list verbs in complex sentences, ensure subject-verb agreement is correct and that the list items are properly coordinated with conjunctions like 'and' or 'or' for clarity. How can I expand my vocabulary of list verbs in English? You can expand your list verbs by reading extensively, noting different ways authors introduce or enumerate items, and practicing using verbs like 'highlight', 'outline', 'feature', 'detail', and 'enumerate' in your writing.

Related keywords: verbs, English verbs, action words, verb list, common verbs, verb definitions, verb forms, basic verbs, irregular verbs, verb examples

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