

GLOBE THEATER MODEL PROJECT Handbook

Globe Theater Model Project: A Comprehensive Guide to Building and Understanding the Historic Playhouse

The **globe theater model project** is an engaging educational activity that allows students, history enthusiasts, and architecture aficionados to explore the rich history and intricate design of one of the most iconic theaters of the Elizabethan era. This project involves creating a detailed scale model of the Globe Theatre, which was famously associated with William Shakespeare. Through this process, participants gain a deeper understanding of historical architecture, theatrical practices of the 16th and 17th centuries, and the cultural significance of the Globe Theatre.

In this article, we will explore the significance of the Globe Theatre, the steps involved in creating a model project, materials needed, design considerations, and tips for a successful build. Whether you are a teacher assigning a project, a student undertaking a school assignment, or a history enthusiast interested in theatrical history, this guide provides all the information you need to embark on your Globe Theatre model project.

Understanding the Globe Theatre: Historical Context and Significance

The Origins of the Globe Theatre

The Globe Theatre was built in 1599 in London on the south bank of the River Thames. Commissioned by actor and playwright William Shakespeare's playing company, the Lord Chamberlain's Men, the Globe became the most famous theater of its time. Its construction marked a significant development in Elizabethan theater, enabling large audiences to enjoy plays in an open-air setting.

Architectural Features of the Globe Theatre

The Globe was a circular or polygonal structure featuring:

- **Auditorium:** A large, open-air yard surrounded by three tiers of covered seating for wealthier spectators.
- **Stage:** A thrust stage projecting into the audience, allowing for dynamic performances and audience interaction.

- **Hooded Roofs and Galleries:** Providing shelter and a tiered viewing experience.
- **Ornamental Details:** Carved wooden decorations, banners, and flags that added visual appeal.

Understanding these core features is essential when creating an accurate model.

Planning Your Globe Theater Model Project

Setting Objectives and Scope

Before starting your model, clarify your project's goals:

- Is it a detailed replica for display or a simplified educational version?
- What scale will you use? (e.g., 1:50, 1:100)
- What materials are available and suitable for your project?

Research and Reference Materials

Gather resources such as:

- Photographs and illustrations of the original Globe Theatre
- Architectural plans and drawings
- Historical descriptions and scholarly articles
- Videos or virtual tours of the reconstructed Globe Theatre

This research ensures accuracy and enriches your understanding.

Materials and Tools for Building the Globe Theatre Model

Common Materials

Depending on your scale and budget, common materials include:

- **Cardboard or Foam Board:** Lightweight and easy to cut, suitable for structural parts.
- **Balsa Wood:** Ideal for detailed architectural features and supports.
- **Plastic or Acrylic Sheets:** For windows, decorative elements, or transparent components.
- **Clay or Modeling Putty:** For detailed sculptures or ornaments.
- **Paints and Finishes:** Acrylic paints, wood stains, and varnishes for realistic effects.

Tools Needed

Ensure you have:

- Scissors and craft knives
- Ruler and measuring tape
- Glue (hot glue gun, wood glue, or craft adhesive)
- Paintbrushes and sponges
- Cutting mat for safety and precision

Having the right tools facilitates a smoother building process.

Designing and Building Your Globe Theater Model

Creating a Scale Drawing and Blueprint

Start with:

- Deciding on the scale (e.g., 1:50)
- Drawing a detailed floor plan, including the stage, galleries, yard, and entrances
- Designing elevation views to understand the vertical dimensions

Use these drawings as templates during construction.

Constructing the Base and Floor

- Cut out the base platform based on your scale dimensions.
- Build the main floor area, including the yard and surrounding galleries.

Building the Structural Framework

- Create the circular or polygonal walls using your chosen materials.
- Add supports for the galleries and roof structures.
- Ensure stability and symmetry for an authentic appearance.

Adding Architectural Details

- Carve or attach decorative elements like columns, beams, and banners.
- Construct the stage with a projection or platform.
- Add staircases, entrances, and exits as per historical layouts.

Painting and Finishing Touches

- Paint the model to resemble aged wood, stone, or painted surfaces.
- Apply finishes to enhance realism, such as weathering effects or signage.
- Attach flags or banners at the top as historically accurate decorations.

Tips for a Successful Globe Theater Model Project

- **Plan Thoroughly:** Sketch and review your design multiple times before building.
- **Prioritize Accuracy:** Use reliable sources to ensure historical authenticity.
- **Start Small:** Build a prototype or partial sections to test techniques and materials.
- **Be Patient and Precise:** Take your time with measurements and assembly.
- **Seek Feedback:** Share progress with teachers or peers for suggestions.
- **Document Your Process:** Take photos or keep a journal to track your development.

Educational and Cultural Benefits of the Globe Theater Model Project

Completing a Globe Theatre model offers numerous learning opportunities:

- Deepens understanding of Elizabethan architecture and theatre design
- Enhances research and analytical skills through historical study
- Develops craftsmanship, patience, and attention to detail
- Provides a tangible connection to Shakespeare's world and theatrical history
- Encourages creativity and problem-solving during construction

Furthermore, displaying your finished model can serve as an educational exhibit, inspiring others to learn about historical theater and architecture.

Conclusion

The **globe theater model project** is more than just an arts and crafts activity; it is an immersive experience that bridges history, architecture, and theatrical arts. By carefully planning, researching, and executing your model, you gain valuable insights into the cultural significance of the Globe Theatre and the theatrical practices of Elizabethan England. Whether for a school assignment, a

personal hobby, or a classroom display, creating a Globe Theatre model helps bring history to life in a tangible and engaging way. Embrace the challenge, use quality materials, and enjoy the process of building a miniature version of this legendary playhouse.

Globe Theater Model Project: A Comprehensive Exploration

The Globe Theater Model Project stands as a remarkable educational and historical initiative aimed at recreating one of the most iconic symbols of Elizabethan England—the Globe Theatre. This project serves not only as a tangible representation of William Shakespeare's theatrical environment but also as an engaging tool for understanding the cultural, architectural, and social significance of the original Globe Theatre. In this detailed review, we delve into every aspect of the Globe Theater Model Project, examining its history, design, educational value, construction process, and broader cultural impact.

Introduction to the Globe Theater and Its Significance

Historical Context of the Globe Theatre

- Built in 1599 in London, the Globe Theatre became the primary venue for Shakespeare's plays and a symbol of Elizabethan theatrical innovation.
- It was constructed by the Lord Chamberlain's Men, a playing company in which Shakespeare was a shareholder.
- The Globe was renowned for its distinctive architecture, lively performances, and role in shaping English drama.

Why Recreate the Globe? Significance of the Model

- Preserves historical craftsmanship and architectural techniques of the 16th century.
- Offers a hands-on educational experience for students, historians, and enthusiasts.
- Serves as a visual and physical aid to better understand the scale and design of Elizabethan theatres.
- Contributes to cultural heritage preservation and appreciation of Shakespearean theater.

Design and Architecture of the Globe Theater Model

Key Architectural Features

- Auditorium (The Yard): Open-air central space where the audience gathered, typically standing

during performances.

- Stage: Projecting platform extending into the audience, allowing for dynamic interactions.
- Tiring House: The backstage area behind the stage, used for costume changes and scene shifts.
- Gallery Seating: Multiple tiers of covered seating around the yard for wealthier spectators.
- Hut and Canopy: The roofed area above the stage, often decorated, providing shelter and aesthetic appeal.
- Overall Dimensions: The original Globe measured approximately 100 feet in diameter, with the model scaled proportionally.

Materials Used in the Model

- Wood (balsa, plywood, or similar lightweight materials) for structural components.
- Canvas or fabric for canopies and banners.
- Paint and finishes to replicate authentic weathered wood and brickwork.
- Transparent acrylic for windows or decorative elements where applicable.

Scale and Proportions

- Typical scales range from 1:24 to 1:50, balancing detail with manageability.
- Accurate scaling ensures that proportions of the stage, seating, and overall layout remain true to historical records.
- Use of scaled drawings and blueprints aids in precise construction.

Educational and Cultural Objectives

Learning Outcomes

- Deepen understanding of Elizabethan theater architecture and performance practices.
- Explore the social stratification reflected in seating arrangements and audience demographics.
- Understand the influence of the Globe Theatre on modern theater design.
- Cultivate appreciation for historical craftsmanship and architectural techniques.

Curriculum Integration

- Incorporating the model project into history, drama, and architecture lessons.
- Using the model for interactive storytelling and role-playing activities.

- Facilitating discussions on Elizabethan society, theatrical innovations, and cultural exchange.

Community and Public Engagement

- Exhibitions and public displays to foster community interest.
- Workshops on model making, woodworking, and painting.
- Collaborations with museums, theaters, and educational institutions to broaden reach.

Construction Process and Methodology

Planning and Design Phase

- Extensive research using historical texts, paintings, and existing reconstructions.
- Drafting detailed blueprints and 3D models.
- Selecting materials that balance authenticity with practicality.

Building Steps

- Foundation and Base Construction: Establishing a stable platform for the entire model.
- Framework Assembly: Erecting the main structural elements?walls, stage, galleries.
- Detailing: Adding decorative elements, textures, and authentic features like banners and signage.
- Painting and Finishing: Applying weathering effects and color schemes to enhance realism.
- Final Assembly and Quality Checks: Ensuring structural integrity and visual accuracy.

Challenges Encountered

- Sourcing authentic or period-appropriate materials.
- Maintaining scale accuracy during construction.
- Balancing detail with durability for long-term display.
- Managing budget constraints and time frames.

Educational Uses and Interactive Features

Interactive Exhibits

- Incorporating movable parts such as opening doors or retractable banners.
- Embedding lighting effects to simulate different times of day or theatrical lighting.
- Creating augmented reality (AR) integrations for virtual tours or storytelling.

Workshops and Demonstrations

- Model-making workshops teaching basic carpentry and painting techniques.
- Drama sessions illustrating Elizabethan acting styles within a miniature Globe.
- Lectures on the history of Elizabethan theatre and Shakespeare's influence.

Digital Complementary Resources

- 3D virtual tours allowing remote exploration.
- Interactive apps detailing the architectural features.
- Educational videos explaining construction and historical context.

Impact and Broader Significance

Preservation of Cultural Heritage

- The model acts as a tangible link to Elizabethan England, ensuring knowledge is passed to future generations.
- It fosters appreciation for historical craftsmanship and theatrical innovation.

Advancement of Educational Techniques

- Provides immersive learning experiences beyond textbooks.
- Encourages hands-on engagement and critical thinking.

Promotion of Cultural Tourism and Community Pride

- Attracts visitors, students, and tourists interested in Shakespeare and theater history.
- Serves as a focal point for cultural festivals and educational events.

Inspiration for Modern Theatre Design

- Offers insights into historical audience engagement.
- Inspires contemporary architects and designers to incorporate traditional elements with modern technology.

Future Enhancements and Innovations

- Incorporating sustainable and eco-friendly materials.
- Developing interactive digital features for enhanced engagement.
- Creating larger or more detailed models for museum displays.
- Integrating virtual and augmented reality for immersive experiences.

Conclusion

The Globe Theater Model Project embodies a fusion of historical accuracy, educational innovation, and artistic craftsmanship. Through meticulous design, community involvement, and interactive features, it offers an invaluable window into Elizabethan theatre and Shakespeare's world. Whether serving as an educational tool, a cultural artifact, or a source of inspiration, this project underscores the enduring relevance of historical preservation and the arts. As models like this continue to evolve with technological advancements, they will undoubtedly deepen our understanding of the past and enrich the cultural landscape for generations to come.

Question What is the Globe Theater Model Project? The Globe Theater Model Project is an educational initiative that involves creating a detailed replica or model of the historic Globe Theatre to help students and enthusiasts understand its architecture, history, and significance. **Why is the Globe Theater model important for educational purposes?** The model provides a tangible, visual representation of the Globe Theatre, allowing learners to better understand Elizabethan theater architecture, stage design, and the cultural context of Shakespeare's time. **What materials are commonly used to build a Globe Theater model?** Materials such as wood, cardboard, foam board, plastic, and paper are commonly used, depending on the scale and detail level of the model. **How can students incorporate technology into their Globe Theater model project?** Students can use 3D modeling software, virtual reality, or augmented reality tools to create digital versions of the Globe Theatre, enhancing interactivity and presentation. **What are some key features to include in a Globe Theater model?** Important features include the open-air stage, the surrounding seating areas (yard, galleries), the thatched roof, trapdoor, and backstage areas to accurately represent the original theater. **How does the Globe Theater Model Project enhance understanding of Elizabethan theater practices?** By building or studying the model, participants gain insights into stage mechanics, audience seating, and theatrical staging techniques used during Shakespeare's era. **What challenges might students face when creating a Globe Theater model?** Challenges include achieving structural accuracy, sourcing appropriate materials, managing project scale, and accurately representing historical details. **Are there digital resources or guides available for Globe**

Theater model projects? Yes, many online resources, including virtual tours, detailed blueprints, and instructional videos, are available to assist students in designing and constructing accurate models. How can the Globe Theater Model Project be integrated into a broader curriculum? It can be incorporated into lessons on Shakespearean literature, Renaissance history, architecture, theater arts, and STEM subjects like engineering and design.

Related keywords: Globe Theatre, Shakespeare, theatre model, historical reconstruction, architecture model, educational project, drama history, theatrical design, model building, cultural heritage

MBA PROJECT IN PROJECT MANAGEMENT

mba project in project management is a critical milestone for students pursuing a Master of Business Administration, particularly those specializing in project management. It serves as a comprehensive demonstration of their understanding, skills, and ability to apply theoretical concepts to real-world scenarios. An effective MBA project in project management not only enhances academic credentials but also equips students with practical insights that can propel their careers in various industries.

Understanding the Significance of an MBA Project in Project Management

Why Is an MBA Project Important?

An MBA project in project management is essential for several reasons:

- Practical Application: It allows students to apply classroom concepts to real-life projects.
- Skill Development: Enhances critical skills such as planning, execution, risk management, and communication.
- Industry Readiness: Prepares students for challenges faced in managerial roles.
- Research and Innovation: Encourages innovative solutions to complex project issues.
- Academic Credential: Serves as a testament to a student's expertise and readiness for leadership roles.

Goals of an MBA Project in Project Management

The primary objectives include:

- Analyzing project management methodologies.
- Developing effective project strategies.
- Assessing risk and resource management.
- Demonstrating leadership and team coordination.
- Providing actionable recommendations for project success.

Choosing the Right Topic for Your MBA Project

Factors to Consider

Selecting a relevant and manageable topic is crucial. Consider:

- Interest areas within project management (e.g., Agile, Waterfall, Risk Management)
- Availability of data and resources
- Industry relevance and current trends
- Scope and feasibility within the given timeframe
- Potential for practical impact and contribution to the field

Popular Topics for MBA Projects in Project Management

Some trending topics include:

- Implementation of Agile methodologies in large organizations
- Risk assessment and mitigation strategies in IT projects
- Effectiveness of stakeholder management in construction projects
- Use of project management software to enhance efficiency
- Sustainable project management practices
- Cost control techniques in large-scale projects
- Impact of leadership styles on project success

Structuring Your MBA Project in Project Management

Key Components of the Project Report

A well-structured report typically includes:

- **Introduction:** Background, problem statement, and objectives
- **Literature Review:** Existing research and theoretical frameworks

- **Methodology:** Research design, data collection methods, and analysis techniques
- **Project Planning and Execution:** Tools, techniques, and processes used
- **Findings and Analysis:** Data interpretation and insights
- **Discussion:** Implications, limitations, and recommendations
- **Conclusion:** Summary of key findings and future scope
- **References and Appendices:** Supporting documents and sources

Methodologies Commonly Used

- Case Study Analysis: Deep dives into specific projects
- Surveys and Questionnaires: Gathering stakeholder feedback
- Interviews: Expert insights and industry perspectives
- Quantitative Analysis: Statistical evaluation of project data
- Qualitative Methods: Thematic analysis of project challenges

Implementing Your Project: Best Practices

Effective Planning

- Define clear objectives and scope
- Develop a detailed work breakdown structure (WBS)
- Establish realistic timelines and milestones
- Allocate resources efficiently

Execution and Monitoring

- Use project management tools like MS Project, Primavera, or Jira
- Regularly track progress against milestones
- Manage risks proactively
- Communicate transparently with stakeholders
- Adapt to changes and update plans accordingly

Documentation and Reporting

- Maintain comprehensive records of all activities
- Prepare periodic status reports
- Document lessons learned and best practices

Evaluating the Success of Your MBA Project

Criteria for Evaluation

- Depth of research and analysis
- Practical relevance and applicability
- Clarity and coherence of the report
- Quality of data and insights
- Innovation and problem-solving approach
- Presentation skills

Feedback and Revision

- Seek feedback from supervisors and peers
- Incorporate suggested improvements
- Ensure the final report is polished and professional

Career Opportunities After Completing an MBA Project in Project Management

Job Roles and Sectors

Graduates can explore roles such as:

- Project Manager
- Program Manager
- Project Coordinator
- Construction Manager
- IT Project Lead
- Consultant in Project Management

Industries include construction, IT, manufacturing, healthcare, consulting, and government agencies.

Further Certifications and Education

Enhance career prospects by pursuing certifications like:

- PMP (Project Management Professional)
- PRINCE2
- Agile Certified Practitioner (PMI-ACP)
- Certified ScrumMaster (CSM)

Conclusion

An MBA project in project management is more than an academic requirement; it is a strategic opportunity to demonstrate your expertise, problem-solving skills, and industry readiness. Selecting a relevant topic, following a structured approach, and applying best practices in project planning and execution will not only lead to a successful project but also pave the way for a rewarding career in project management. By showcasing your ability to analyze, innovate, and lead, your MBA project can serve as a cornerstone for your professional growth and industry recognition.

If you need further guidance on specific project ideas, methodology details, or report formatting, consider consulting industry experts or academic advisors to tailor your project to your career aspirations.

MBA Project in Project Management: A Comprehensive Guide to Success

Embarking on an MBA project in project management is a significant milestone for students pursuing advanced business education. It serves as a practical platform to apply theoretical knowledge, demonstrate managerial skills, and contribute valuable insights to real-world organizational challenges. Successfully completing such a project not only enhances your understanding of project management principles but also bolsters your resume, positioning you as a competent professional ready to lead complex initiatives.

In this detailed guide, we will explore the nuances of an MBA project in project management, covering everything from choosing the right project, planning, execution, analysis, to presenting your findings effectively. Whether you're at the initial stages or nearing completion, this resource aims to streamline your process and maximize your project's impact.

Understanding the Significance of an MBA Project in Project Management

An MBA project in project management is more than just a requirement for graduation; it is an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to manage initiatives from inception to completion. It allows students to:

- Apply project management frameworks like PMI's PMBOK, PRINCE2, or Agile methodologies.
- Develop problem-solving and critical thinking skills.

- Gain practical experience with project planning, execution, monitoring, and control.
- Showcase leadership, communication, and stakeholder management abilities.
- Produce tangible outputs that can be integrated into organizational processes or serve as case studies.

Choosing the Right Project Topic

Selecting an appropriate topic is the foundation of a successful MBA project. It should align with your interests, career aspirations, and the needs of your target organization or industry.

Criteria for Selecting a Project Topic

- **Relevance:** The project should address a current issue or opportunity within an organization or industry.
- **Feasibility:** Ensure availability of data, resources, and access to stakeholders.
- **Interest & Passion:** Choose a topic that excites you to sustain motivation.
- **Scope:** The project should be manageable within the given timeframe and resources.
- **Learning Potential:** Aim for a project that offers valuable insights into project management practices.

Examples of MBA Project Topics in Project Management

- Implementation of Agile methodologies in software development firms.
- Risk management strategies in construction projects.
- Optimization of resource allocation in manufacturing projects.
- Stakeholder engagement practices in infrastructure development.
- Cost control techniques in IT projects.

Structuring Your MBA Project in Project Management

A well-structured project enhances clarity and ensures comprehensive coverage of essential components.

Typical Structure

- Title Page
- Abstract/Synopsis
- Table of Contents

- Introduction

- Background
- Objectives
- Significance

- Literature Review

- Theoretical frameworks
- Case studies

- Research Methodology

- Approach (qualitative, quantitative, mixed)
- Data collection methods
- Tools and techniques

- Project Planning

- Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)
- Gantt charts and schedules
- Resource planning

- Implementation/Execution

- Monitoring progress
- Communication plan
- Quality assurance

- Analysis & Findings

- Data interpretation
- Lessons learned

- Conclusions & Recommendations
- References
- Appendices

Planning Your Project Effectively

Successful project management hinges on meticulous planning. Here are key steps to create a robust plan:

- Define Clear Objectives and Scope
 - What are the specific goals?
 - What boundaries (scope) will you set to keep the project manageable?
- Develop a Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)
 - Break down the project into manageable tasks.
 - Assign responsibilities and deadlines.
- Create a Detailed Schedule
 - Utilize tools like Gantt charts for visualization.
 - Identify dependencies among tasks.
- Resource Allocation
 - Determine human, financial, and material resources needed.
 - Ensure availability and plan for contingencies.

- Risk Management

- Identify potential risks.
- Develop mitigation strategies.

- Stakeholder Analysis

- Identify key stakeholders.
- Develop engagement and communication plans.

Executing and Monitoring the Project

Implementation is where plans are put into action.

Key Activities During Execution

- Effective Communication: Regular updates through meetings, reports, or digital tools.
- Quality Control: Ensure deliverables meet quality standards.
- Change Management: Adapt to unforeseen circumstances with flexibility.
- Documentation: Keep detailed records for transparency and future reference.

Monitoring Techniques

- Progress Tracking: Use KPIs and milestones.
- Performance Reports: Weekly or bi-weekly updates.
- Earned Value Management: Measure project performance against planned schedule and costs.
- Issue Tracking: Document and resolve problems promptly.

Analyzing Results and Drawing Conclusions

Post-implementation, focus on evaluating project outcomes.

Data Analysis

- Use statistical tools and qualitative analysis to interpret data.

- Assess whether project objectives were achieved.

Lessons Learned

- Identify what worked well and what could be improved.
- Document best practices and pitfalls.

Impact Assessment

- Measure the overall impact on organizational processes or objectives.
- Gather stakeholder feedback.

Writing and Presenting Your MBA Project

Effective presentation enhances the credibility and impact of your work.

Writing Tips

- Be clear, concise, and logical.
- Use visual aids like charts, graphs, and tables.
- Support statements with data and references.
- Maintain academic integrity with proper citations.

Presentation Tips

- Prepare a compelling executive summary.
- Practice delivering a confident and engaging presentation.
- Anticipate questions and prepare answers.
- Highlight key findings, recommendations, and practical implications.

Conclusion

An MBA project in project management is a vital component that bridges academic learning with practical application. By carefully selecting a relevant topic, meticulously planning, executing effectively, and analyzing results critically, students can produce a project that not only fulfills academic requirements but also adds tangible value to organizations and their professional growth.

Remember, the success of your project depends on your dedication, analytical skills, and ability to communicate complex ideas clearly. Approach each phase systematically, leverage available resources, and seek guidance from mentors or industry experts. Ultimately, a well-executed MBA project can serve as a stepping stone toward a rewarding career in project management.

Embark on your MBA project journey with confidence, and transform your insights into impactful solutions that resonate beyond the classroom!

Question What are the key components of an MBA project in project management? An MBA project in project management typically includes an introduction, literature review, research methodology, data analysis, findings, conclusions, and recommendations, demonstrating practical application of project management theories and skills. **Answer** How do I choose a relevant topic for my MBA project in project management? Select a topic that aligns with current industry trends, addresses a real-world problem, and interests you personally. Conduct preliminary research to ensure data availability and relevance, and consult with faculty or industry experts for guidance. What are the common challenges faced during an MBA project in project management? Common challenges include limited access to data, time constraints, integrating theoretical concepts with practical scenarios, managing stakeholder expectations, and ensuring project scope remains focused and manageable. How can I ensure the practical relevance of my MBA project in project management? Focus on solving real industry problems, incorporate case studies, engage with industry professionals, and apply recognized project management frameworks to ensure your project offers valuable insights and solutions. What tools and software are recommended for MBA projects in project management? Popular tools include Microsoft Project, Primavera, Trello, Asana, and MS Excel for data analysis. Familiarity with project management software enhances the quality of planning, scheduling, and reporting in your project. How should I structure my MBA project report in project management? A typical structure includes the title page, abstract, introduction, literature review, methodology, data analysis, findings, conclusions, recommendations, references, and appendices, ensuring clarity and coherence throughout. What skills are essential for successfully completing an MBA project in project management? Key skills include research and analytical skills, project planning, effective communication, time management, problem-solving, proficiency with project management tools, and the ability to synthesize complex information clearly.

Related keywords: MBA project, project management thesis, project management coursework, project planning, project execution, project control, project management case studies, MBA dissertation, project management strategies, capstone project in project management

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